GUIDELINES FOR AUTHORS

Ghana Journal of Agricultural Science (GJAS) (ISSN 0855-0042) is a national scientific journal which is published by the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research to serve as an outlet for papers concerning West African agriculture and related disciplines. The Journal welcomes the submission of manuscripts that meet the general criteria of significance and scientific excellence.

Electronic submission of manuscripts is encouraged. Text, tables, and figures should be in a single Microsoft word file (preferably in Times New Roman Font size 12). Regardless of the source of word-processing tool used, Word (.doc, .docx, .rtf) files of manuscripts can be submitted as email attachments to the editorial office at: <code>ghanajournalofsciences@gmail.com</code>. A cover letter should accompany each manuscript. The cover letter should include the corresponding author's full name, address and telephone number sent to the editor. The cover letter should also contain the article type (original, provisional, review, etc.), brief background of your study and the research question you sought to answer, principle findings and significance to scientific community, statement that your paper has not been previously published and is not currently under consideration by another journal and that all authors have approved of and have agreed to submit the manuscript to this journal. A letter of acknowledgement of receipt with a manuscript reference number will be mailed to the corresponding author same day or within 72 hours of receipt of manuscript.

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Types of Article

- (i)**Original scientific paper.** Written in such a way that a qualified research worker, specializing in the same branch of science, is able, simply on the basis of the information given,
 - (a) to reproduce the experiment and secure the results described with equal accuracy or within the limits of experimental error specified by the author; or
 - (b) to check the accuracy of the analyses and deductions on which the author's findings are based; or
 - (c) to repeat the author's observations and judge his findings.
- E.g.: **Ashrif, M.I. & Thornton, I.** (1965) Effects of grass mulch on groundnuts in the Gambia, *Expl. Agric.* **1**, 145-152.

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- (ii)**Provisional communication**. Contains one or more novel items of scientific information, but is insufficiently detailed to allow readers to check the said information in the ways provided in (a), (b) and (c) above.
- E.g.: **Brunt, A.A. & Wharton, A.L.** (1962) *Calonectria rigidiuscu-lar* (Berk. and Br.) Sacc., the cause of a gall disease in cocoa in Ghana. *Nature, London* **193**, 903-904.

Ayensu, E.S. (1965) Notes on the anatomy of the Dioscoraeceae. *Ghana J. Sci.* **5**, 10-23.

(iii) **Subject review article**. A survey of one particular subject in which information already published is assembled, analysed, and discussed.

E.g.: Curtis, D.L. (1965) Sorghum in West Africa. *Fld Crop Abstr*.18, 145-152.

Evans, D.C.P. (1963) A review of past and present work connected with grassland, pasture and fodder problems in Ghana. *Ghana Fmr* **7**, 28-37.

If, after refereeing, papers are assessed as not being acceptable in any of these categories,

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co-authors have seen the final version of the manuscript and have agreed to its submission for

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In assessment, preference will be given to authors who write briefly and whose papers are

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The Title should be a brief phrase describing the contents of the paper. The Title Page should

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Generally present tense is used except in the *materials and methods* or in describing the

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The **introduction** should provide a clear statement of the problem, the relevant literature on the subject, and the proposed approach or solution. It should be understandable to colleagues from a broad range of scientific disciplines.

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